Residential Property Tribunal Wales Annual Report Year 2020 – 2021



Contents

Foreword		3-4
Section 1	About Us	5
Section 2	Performance and Progress	9
Section 3	Our Customers	19
Section 4	Business Priorities	20
Section 5	Expenditure	21

Foreword

The last year has been one like no other and society now takes for granted scenes that would have seemed alien to us all as recently as February 2020. It seemed that no sooner had we moved to our new offices at Cleppa Park in June 2019, that we were leaving it 'mothballed' to work from home in March 2020. Tribunal staff and members have spent far longer working from home than we did at the new offices.

The Covid 19 pandemic forced many changes on to the RPT, some of which I have no doubt will remain with us for the future. I wish to pay tribute in particular to the Tribunal's Business Manager and support staff who adapted with admirable speed and flexibility to the 'new normal' to enable the tribunal to continue to operate. I also wish to thank the Head of the Welsh Tribunals Unit and the WTU staff for facilitating the practical arrangements in making the switch to online hearings, and the President of Welsh Tribunals for his ongoing leadership in the last 12 months.

It was perhaps not surprising that the number of applications to the tribunal reduced, but it has now continued to rise again. Expediency has forced the tribunal to adopt largely paperless working earlier than would otherwise have been the case. I am mindful however that not all of our users have internet access and the ability to use e-mail. The tribunal still receives and welcomes handwritten applications and communications.

The President of the Welsh Tribunals and I issued a joint Practice Direction in June 2020 (using powers under the Wales Act 2017) to enable the tribunal to operate largely electronically and to deal with digital hearings online through the Cloud Video Platform (CVP) whilst ensuring that hearings still remain public and open to anyone who wishes to observe them. Forthcoming hearings are now listed on our website.

One of the particular difficulties we have faced is that many of our cases require an inspection of the property by our expert surveyor members. It has not always been possible for that to happen, but as pandemic restrictions loosened, inspections have resumed where possible and safe to do so. The tribunal has continued to hear a wide range of different cases as can be seen in this report and I wish to thank the tribunal's members for the enthusiasm and professionalism with which they have trained and adapted to dealing with cases digitally without compromising the quality of decision-making or the fairness of hearings for our users.

We have held two online training events in December 2020 and March 2021 for members and notwithstanding their success, I hope that with the ongoing roll out of Covid 19 vaccines, that it will be possible next year to return to 'in person' training if it is safe to do so.

In December 2020 I was part of a Judicial Appointments Commission Panel on an exercise to recruit nine new legal members for the tribunal whose appointments will shortly be confirmed. I was heartened by the interest shown in the tribunal and the number and high quality of the applicants, including many practitioners based in Wales. I am confident that the new appointees will further strengthen the tribunal.

The Law Commission produced a consultation paper on the Devolved Tribunals in Wales in December 2020 and are currently considering the responses to the numerous recommendations made. It is an impressive piece of work and contribution to the future of administrative justice in Wales and I look forward to seeing the final report and the extent to which its recommendations are implemented in future by the new Welsh government.

Richard Payne

President of the Tribunal

Section 1 – About Us

In this section:

- Basis for the Tribunal
- The Tribunal's Functions
- The Tribunal's Jurisdiction
- The Tribunal's Regulations
- The Tribunal's Process
- Members of the Tribunal
- Appointments & Retirements
- Contacting the Tribunal
- Accessing the Tribunal

Basis for the Tribunal

The Residential Property Tribunal Wales (RPT Wales) is an independent tribunal that has been set up to resolve disputes relating to private rented and leasehold property.

The RPT Wales was established under the Housing Act 2004 as the umbrella organisation with responsibility for Rent Assessment Committees, Leasehold Valuation Tribunals and Residential Property Tribunals.

The overriding aim of the RPT Wales is to:

- provide a high performing and cost effective customer service for tribunal users and its members;
- ensure that all aspects of the tribunal's work are administered in such a way as to achieve fair, independent and timely adjudication, and
- operate within the legislative framework applicable in Wales.

The Tribunal's Functions

The Rent Assessments Committees deal with disputes relating to:

- Rent both fair rents; and
- Market rents under assured and assured short-hold tenancies.

The Leasehold Valuation Tribunals deal with disputes relating to:

- Leasehold disputes;
- · Leasehold, service charges;
- Leasehold enfranchisement and lease extension for houses and flats; and
- Tenants' association applications for recognition.

The Residential Property Tribunals deal with disputes relating to:

- Empty dwelling management orders;
- Interim and final management orders;
- Licensing of houses in multiple occupation and selective licensing of other residential property;
- Housing, health and safety rating system;
- · Park homes; and
- Local authority gypsy and traveller sites;
- Licensing under the Housing (Wales) Act 2014, Rent Smart Wales.

The Tribunal's Jurisdiction

The jurisdiction of the RPT Wales is set out in the following legislation:

Rent Assessment Committees:

- The Rent Act 1977;
- The Housing Act 1988, and
- The Local Government and Housing Act 1989

Leasehold Valuation Tribunals:

- Landlord and Tenant Act 1985;
- Landlord and Tenant Act 1987;
- The Leasehold Reform Act 1967;
- The Leasehold Reform, Housing and Urban Development Act 1993, and
- Commonhold and Leasehold Reform Act 2002.

Residential Property Tribunals:

- Mobile Homes Act (Wales) 2013;
- Housing Act 2004, and
- Housing (Wales) Act 2014.

The Tribunal's Regulations

Regulations governing the tribunal's procedures are contained in the following legislation:

- Rent Assessment Committees (England and Wales) Regulations 1971;
- Leasehold Valuation Tribunals (Procedure) (Wales) Regulations 2004;
- Residential Property Tribunal Procedures and Fees (Wales) Regulations 2016, and
- Mobile Homes (Site Rules) (Wales) Regulations 2014.

The Tribunal's Process

To make an application or appeal you must complete and send the relevant application form to the RPT Wales. Applications are encouraged via email but will also be accepted in hard copy by post or hand delivered. Certain types of applications dealt with by the RPT Wales incur an application fee and/or hearing fee.

Before almost every Tribunal hearing, the Tribunal panel will conduct an inspection of the premises relating to the application. The Tribunal needs to visit the premises to consider its state and condition or any physical aspects which will help it in reaching a decision.

At a tribunal hearing the Tribunal panel is composed of a legally qualified chairperson, 1 professional member, or in some cases 2 professional members depending on the complexity of the case, and 1 lay member. Tribunal hearings will normally be held in public and take place near to the property in question.

The Tribunal publishes its decisions on the website for the RPT Wales. Decisions of Rent Assessment Committees, Leasehold Valuation Tribunals and Residential Property Tribunals can be appealed on limited grounds to the Upper Tribunal. Permission to appeal to the Upper Tribunal must first be sought from the RPT Wales for decisions made by Leasehold Valuation Tribunals and Residential Property Tribunals.

Full information and guidance, about the tribunal and its procedures, is provided on the website for the RPT Wales. Alternatively please contact the tribunal secretariat for further information or if you would like to receive publications in a different format. The contact details can be found on page 7.

Members of the Tribunal

Secretariat

The Lord Chancellor is responsible for the appointment and re-appointment of chairpersons and the Welsh Government is responsible for the appointment and re-appointment of professional and lay members. The Welsh Ministers are also responsible for nominating a president and vice president of the tribunal from the panel of chairpersons. Appointments are made following the advertisement of vacancies and competitive interview by the Judicial Appointments Commission for chairpersons and Welsh Government for the other members.

President & Vice President	Are the judicial leads of the tribunal.
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Chairpersons Are lawyers and have responsibility for conducting

> proceedings at hearings and advising the tribunal on matters of law. The chairperson will write decisions and set directions

where necessary.

Professional Members Are surveyors and valuers and bring a wide range of relevant

knowledge and experience to each hearing.

Lay Members Have a wide range of other relevant knowledge

and experience which they bring to each hearing.

The day-to-day administration is largely delegated to the secretariat who deals with all the preliminary paperwork and the processing of applications to the tribunal. The secretariat consults the chairperson on all legal points arising during the preliminary pre-hearing stages of the proceedings and passes on the chairperson's rulings and directions in writing to the parties. The secretariat acts as a point of contact for chairpersons, members and tribunal users and attends some

hearings to help with the efficient running of proceedings.



Appointments and Retirements

The tribunal recruited 9 new legal chair persons during 2020-2021. These should be in position by June 2021.

Training

Due to the Covid 19 restrictions the tribunal held its annual training by way of two one day seminars held via its Cloud Video Platform.

Contacting the Tribunal

The Tribunal's contact details are as follows:

Tribunal Address: Residential Property Tribunal Wales

Oak House Cleppa Park Newport NP10 8BD

Tribunal Helpline: 03000 252777
Tribunal E-mail: rpt@gov.wales
Tribunal Website: RPT.gov.wales

Accessing the Tribunal

The Tribunal is happy to communicate with you in English or Welsh. If a Welsh speaker is not immediately available then we will arrange for a Welsh-speaking member of Tribunal staff to phone you back.

You can choose to have your Tribunal hearing conducted in Welsh or English. If your first language is not Welsh or English and you wish to speak in your first language during the hearing, we can arrange for an interpreter to be present. If you need a sign language interpreter to attend the hearing we will arrange this.

If you or anyone you are bringing to the hearing has any other access requirements that may affect our arrangements for the hearing, provision will be made.

To enable arrangements for interpreters or to make provision for any additional needs of attendees, sufficient notice must be given to the secretariat.

Section 2 – Performance and Progress

In this section, our:

- Numbers and statistics
- Reviews and onward appeals
- Achievement against key performance indicators
- Complaints

Numbers and Statistics

A Tribunal year runs from April to March.

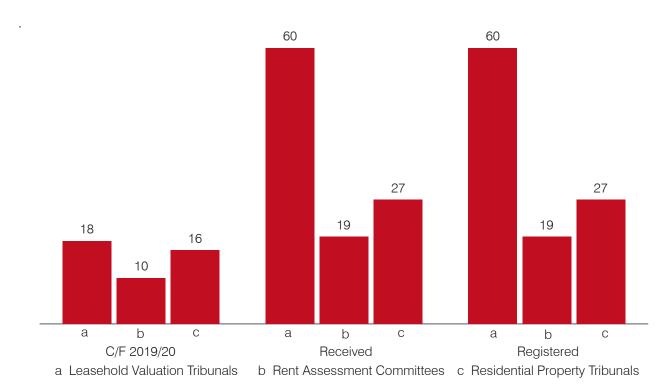
The following statistics are collated:

- number of applications received and registered;
- type of application received and registered;
- · number of applications finalised;
- · outcome of applications.

2.1 Number of Applications Received and Registered 2020-2021

During the year April 2020 to March 2021 the tribunal received a total of 106 applications. The Tribunal also carried forward 44 applications from 2019-2020. The tribunal registered all 106 applications during 2020-2021.

The chart below shows the numbers in each tribunal jurisdiction received and registered in 2020-2021 and the applications carried over from 2019-2020.



2.2 Number of Applications Registered in 2020-2021 and Type of Application

Leasehold Valuation Tribunals (LVT) – deal with applications to appeal leasehold disputes, leasehold service charges, leasehold enfranchisement and lease extension for houses and flats, and tenants' association application for recognition. The table below provides data on each tribunal jurisdiction applications received.

Leasehold Disputes Chapter 1, The Common-hold and Leasehold Reform Act 2002 – Right to Manage	
Chapter 1, The Common-hold and Leasehold Reform Act 2002 – Right to Manage	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Schedule 11, The Common-hold and Leasehold Reform Act 2002 – Determination Liability to Pay or Variation of Administration Charge	1
Section 168 (4), The Common-hold and Leasehold Reform Act 2002, Breach of Covenant or Condition in Lease	5
Estate charges – liability to pay	
Section 20 C, Landlord & Tenant Act 1985 – Recovery of Costs	1
Part IV, Landlord & Tenant Act 1985 – Variation of Lease(s)	1
Section 24, Landlord & Tenant Act 1985 – Appointment of Manager	1
Leasehold Service Charge	
Section 27 A, Landlord & Tenant Act 1985 – Service Charges	15
Section 20 ZA, Landlord & Tenant Act 1985 – Dispensation of all or any of the Consultation Requirements	7
Leasehold Enfranchisement	
Section 21(1)(ba), Leasehold Reform Act 1967 – Reasonable Costs Order	
Section 21(1)(a), Leasehold Reform Act 1967 – Determination of Price Payable	10
Leasehold Reform Housing & Urban Development Act 1993 – leasehold renewal	9
Leasehold Reform Housing & Urban Development Act 1993 – Missing Landlord	4
Leasehold Reform Housing & Urban Development Act 1993 –Reasonable Costs	1
Leasehold Reform Housing & Urban Development Act 1993 – Enfranchisement	
Leasehold Reform Housing & Urban Development Act 1993 – Collective Enfranchisement	4
Tenants Association	
Section 29, Landlord & Tenant Act 1985 – Recognition of Tenants' Association	1
Section 21, Leasehold Reform Housing & Urban Development Act 1993 – Ground Rent & Terms	
Fees waiver	
Section 15, Leasehold Reform Act 1967 – Ground Rent Review	
Total	60

Rent Assessment Committees (RAC) – deal with applications to appeal rents, both fair rents, referrals made by the rent office and market rents – under assured and assured short-hold tenancies. The table below provides data on each tribunal jurisdiction appeal received.

Appeals Registered by Type	2020-21
Section 13 (4) Housing Act 1988 – Notice Proposing New Rent	16
Section 22 (1), Housing Act 1988 – Determination of Rent Assured Short-hold Tenancy	1
Section 6 (3), Housing Act 1988 – Notice Proposing Different Terms	
Fair Rents – Referrals from the Rent Officer	2
Total	19

Residential Property Tribunals (RPT) – deal with applications regarding empty dwelling management orders, interim and final management orders, licensing, housing health and safety rating systems, mobile homes and local authority gypsy and traveller sites. The table below provides data on each tribunal jurisdiction appeal received.

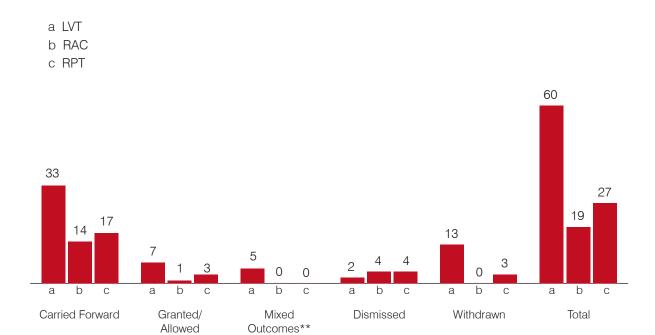
Appeals Registered by Type	2020-21
Management Orders	
Management orders	
Empty dwelling Management Orders	
Local Authority Rent Repayment Order	
Temporary exemption	
Overcrowding	
Houses of Multiple Occupancy decisions	
Housing Act 2004 – Section 27 – Refusal to Grant Licence	6
Improvement notices	5
Local Authority Recovery of expenses	1
Mobile Homes – Mobile Homes (Wales) Act 2013	
Fees waiver	
Section 7(4)(b) – Site Licence – decision to issue	
Section 12(2) – Site Licence – decision to apply conditions	
Section 14(1) – variation or refusal of condition of license by local authority	
Sections 17(2) & 23(1) – Compliance notice by local authority	
Sections 21(9) & 23(1) – Emergency action by the local authority	
SSections 22(7) & 23(1) – local authority's demand for expenses	
Section 28(2) – Person managing site is not a fit and proper person	
Section 29(6) – Local authority's decision that a person is not a fit and proper person	
Section 30(5) – Local authority's decision to appoint an interim manager	

Appeals Registered by Type	2020-21
Mobile Homes – Mobile Homes (Wales) Act 2013 (continued)	
Section 33(6)(c) - Repayment order, by an occupier of an unlicensed site	
Section 49(5) – Written statement of terms of agreement	
Section 50(2) – Agreement of terms re matters Part 2 of Sch 2	
Section 50(3)(a) or 50(3)(b) – Implied terms vary/delete	
Section 54 – any other matter under the act	3
Schedule 2 Chapter 2 Para 7(1)(a) or Chapter 4 Para 40(1)(a) – Detrimental effect	
Schedule 2 Chapter 2 Paras 5, 6, 7(1)(b) – Termination of agreement	
Schedule 2 Chapter 2 Para 10(3) – Refusal order Site Owner	
Schedule 2 Chapter 2 Para 13(3) – Refusal order to prevent gift	
Schedule 2 Chapter 4 Para 42(8) – assignment of the occupier's agreement is approved	
Schedule 2 Chapter 2 Paras 14(1)&(2) – temporary relocation of mobile home to another pitch	
Schedule 2 Chapter 2 Paras 14(3) – order for mobile home to be returned to its original pitch	
Schedule 2 Chapter 2 Paras 17(1)(b) & 17(6)(a) – determination of a new pitch fee	12
Schedule 2 Chapter 2 Para 18(1)(a)(iii) – improvements to be taken account when pitch fee is reviewed	
Schedule 2 Chapter 2 Paras 17(15) & (16) – owner to re-pay the difference between the old and new pitch fees	
Section 52(9) & (10) and Regulation 10(1) of the Mobile Homes Regulations 2014 – proposed, making varying or deletion of the site rules	
Section 52(9) & (10) and Regulation 17(1) of the Mobile Homes Regulations 2014 – site owner's failure to deposit new or varied site rules, or a deletion notice, in time	
Total	27

2.3 Number of Applications 2020-2021 by Outcome

A finalised case is an application which has been completed either through:

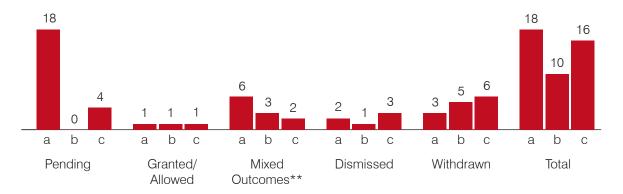
- · withdrawal by the applicant; or
- a hearing resulting in the Tribunal making a decision in respect of the application.



^{**} Mixed outcomes – when part, but not all, of the application is granted.

2.4 The outcomes of the applications carried over from 2019/20

a LVTb RACc RPT



^{**} Mixed outcomes – when part, but not all, of the application is granted.

2.5 Number of Applications received in 2020-2021 by Type and Outcome

Leasehold Valuation Tribunals

Туре	Carried Forward	Granted/ Allowed	Mixed outcomes	Dismissed	Withdrawn	Total
Leasehold Disputes						
Clara Sch 11	1	0	0	0	0	1
Clara Sec 168(4)	1	0	0	0	4	5
Clara Ch 1	0	0	0	0	0	0
L&T Sec 20C	1	0	0	0	0	1
L&T Part IV	0	0	0	1	0	1
L&T Sec 24	1	0	0	0	0	1
Leasehold Service Cha	rge					
L&T Sec 27 A	10	2	1	1	1	15
L&T Sec 20 ZA	4	1	0	0	2	7
Leasehold Enfranchise	ment					
LRA Sec 21(1)(ba)	0	0	0	0	0	0
LRA Sec 21(1)(a)	5	1	3		1	10
LRH&UD – leasehold renewal	4	0	0	0	5	9
LRH&UD – Missing Landlord	2	2	0	0	0	4
LRH&UD – Costs	0	0	1	0	0	1
LRH&UD – Enfranchisement	0	0	0	0	0	0
Collective Enfranchisement	4	0	0	0	0	4
Tenants Association						
L&T Sec 29	0	1	0	0	0	1
Other						
LRH&UD Sec 21	0	0	0	0	0	0
Estate Charges	0	0	0	0	0	0
LVT Fees waiver	0	0	0	0	0	0
LRA Sec 15	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	7	5	2	13	60

Rent Assessment Committees

Туре	Carried Forward	Granted/ Allowed	Mixed outcomes	Dismissed	Withdrawn	Total
Housing Act Sec 13(4)	12	1	0	3	0	16
Housing Act Sec 22(1)	0	0	0	1	0	1
Housing Act Sec 6(3)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fair Rents	2	0	0	0	0	2
Total	14	1	0	4	0	19

Residential Property Tribunals

Туре	Carried Forward	Granted/ Allowed	Mixed outcomes	Dismissed	Withdrawn	Total
Management Orders						
Management orders	0	0	0	0	0	0
Empty dwelling Management Orders	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Authority Rent Repayment Orders	0	0	0	0	0	0
Temporary exemption	0	0	0	0	0	0
Overcrowding	0	0	0	0	0	0
HMO decisions	0	0	0	0	0	0
Refusal to grant license (s.27)	1	2	0	2	1	6
Improvement notices	3	0	0	1	1	5
Local Authority Recovery of expenses	0	1	0	0	0	1
Mobile Homes						
Fees waiver	0	0	0	0	0	0
Section 7(4)(b)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Section 12(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Section 14(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0

Туре	Carried Forward	Granted/ Allowed	Mixed outcomes	Dismissed	Withdrawn	Total
Sections 17(2) & 23(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sections 21(9) & 23(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sections 22(7) & 23(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Section 28(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Section 29(6)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Section 30(5)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Section 33(6)(c)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Section 49(5)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Section 50(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Section 50(3)(a) or 50(3)(b)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Section 54	1	0	0	1	1	3
Sch 2 Ch 2 Para 7(1)(a)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sch 2 Ch 2 Paras 5, 6, 7(1)(b)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sch 2 Ch2 Para 10(3)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sch 2 Ch2 Para 13(3)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sch 2 Ch 4 Para 42(8)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sch 2 Ch 2 Paras 14(1)&(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sch 2 Ch 2 Paras 14(3)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sch 2 Ch 2 Paras 17(1)(b) & 17(6)(a)	12	0	0	0	0	12
Sch 2 Ch 2 Para 18(1)(a)(iii)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sch2 Ch 2 Paras 17(15) & (16)	0	0	0	0	0	0

Туре	Carried Forward	Granted/ Allowed	Mixed outcomes	Dismissed	Withdrawn	Total
Sec 52(9) & (10) and Regulation 10(1) MHR	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sec 52(9) & (10) and Regulation 17(1) MHR	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	17	3		4	3	27

During 2020-21 there were 34 hearing days in RPT Wales. Hearing days are when a panel convene to hear evidence from the parties relevant to that application:

Туре	Length (in days)
Leasehold Valuation Tribunals	19 Hearing days
Rent Assessment Committees	11 Hearing days
Residential Property Tribunals	4 Hearing days

There were 18 paper conferences which took place. Paper conferences are when the panel convene without the parties present to make a decision. Of these, 4 were for the Rent Assessment Committee, 14 were for the Leasehold Valuation Tribunal and 0 for the Residential Property Tribunal.

There were also 10 Pre-Trial Reviews which took place one for the Residential Property Tribunal and one for the Leasehold Valuation Tribunal. A Pre-Trial Review is a meeting between all parties to discuss further actions required on their applications.

Reviews and onward appeals

Applications for a review of a Tribunal decision can be made by parties on limited grounds.

Leasehold Valuation Tribunal and Residential Property Tribunal parties may apply to the Tribunal for leave to appeal to the Upper Tribunal if they think that the Tribunal's decision is wrong on a point of law. Rent Assessment Committees may apply directly to the Upper Tribunal.

There were 4 appeal applications during 2020-2021. All appeal requests were refused. 3 appeals were made to the Upper Tribunal, 1 appeal was refused, 2 we are awaiting the outcome.

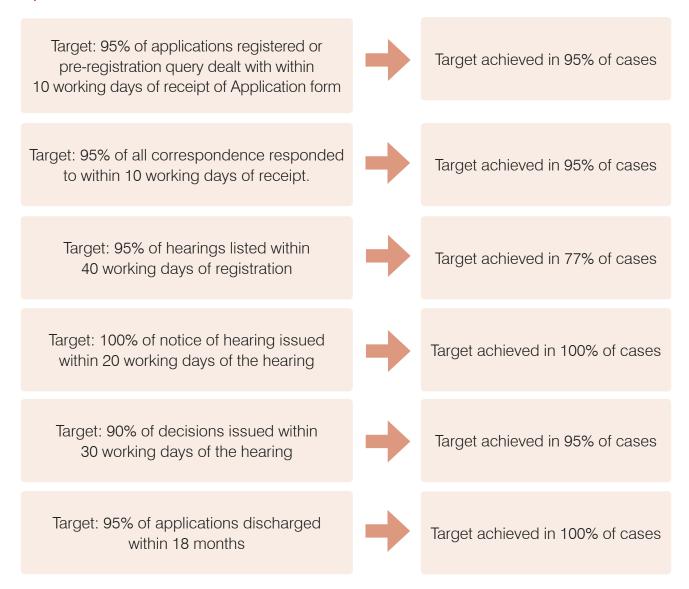
Achievement against key performance indicators

To monitor how effectively services are delivered, we have key performance indicators aimed at measuring two key aspects of our business; the speed of our service and the quality of service through customer satisfaction.

To measure the speed of our service, we have a series of primary performance indicators based on the time taken to process an application – from receipt to the Hearing or disposal.

To measure customer satisfaction, we used an indicator that is derived from periodic customer surveys issued with Tribunal decisions.

Speed of our service



Complaints

The Tribunal received no formal complaints during 2020-2021.

Section 3 – Our Customers

In this section, our:

Customer satisfaction survey

The Tribunal strives to improve customer service delivery and aim to put our customers at the heart of everything we do.

The established customer satisfaction survey results enable us to gain a better understanding of our customers' needs and give us a valuable insight into what the Tribunal is doing well, as well as highlighting those areas where the Tribunal needs to improve.

The Tribunal issues a customer satisfaction form with its decisions but received no completed forms during 2020-2021.

Section 4 – Business Priorities

In this section, our:

Business priorities for 2021–2022

It is important that the Tribunal continues to develop in order to deliver the best possible service for our users. This section is about how the Tribunal will build on its achievements through focusing on business priorities and our commitment to our users.

Business Priorities 2021 – 2022

- Continue to ensure the tribunal president responds to Welsh Government consultations which impact on the work of the RPT Wales.
- Continue to monitor and update RPT Wales Website.
- Deliver an effective and efficient service, meeting key performance indicators.
- Organise annual training conference for tribunal members, identifying and responding to training needs including training in new legislation.
- Identify and plan appraisal of tribunal members.
- Recruit lay members to the tribunal.

Section 5 - Expenditure

In this section, our:

• Expenditure for 2020-2021

Expenditure for 2020-2021

Content	Amount*
Member fees & Expenses (proceedings and training)	£297,961
Tribunal events (venue costs)	£0
Other running costs	£2,169
Total	£300,130

^{*} rounded to the nearest £1,000